

Provenance Manager: PROV-man

an Implementation of the PROV Standard

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Provenance Taskforce
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Outlines

- Motivation
- State-of-the-art
- PROV-man
 - The Approach, the data model, the API
- Usage examples



Motivation for Provenance

- Discoveries in modern science involve:
 - large amount of data, many people, varied tools, etc.
- Good scientific practice dictates that findings should be:
 - Traceable and reproducible
- Data provenance tracking approaches can play a major role in addressing many of these challenges.

Data provenance proposes ways to capture, manage, and use of provenance information.



State-of-the-Art

- Origin

- from the French *provenir*, "to come from",
- originally mostly used for works of art,
- currently, used in a wide range of fields, including archaeology, paleontology, archives, manuscripts, printed books, and **e-science**

In this presentation, we refer to Provenance in e-science
as *data provenance*



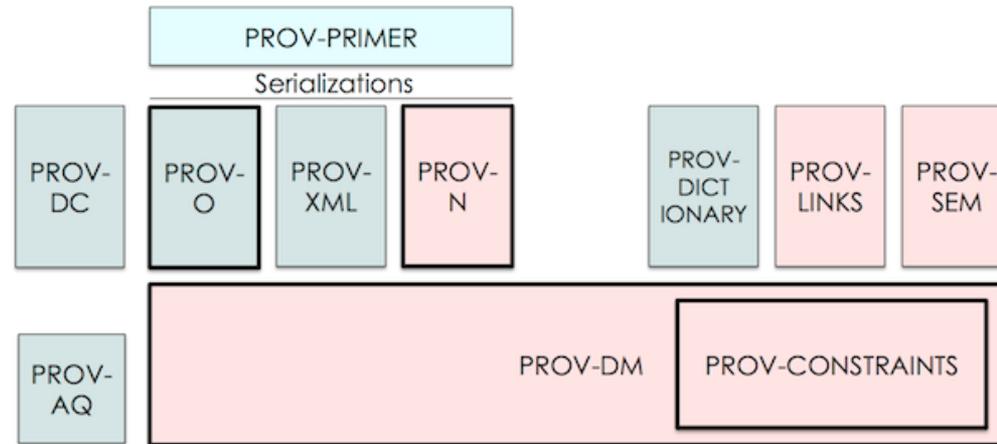
State-of-the-art

- Early efforts

- < 1990: unstructured logs and temp files,
- since 90's: information systems (e.g. DICOM, LIMS, ELN)
- 2000+: data provenance become more prominent
- 2007: *Open Provenance Model* (OPM)
- 2013: PROV



Today: PROV



- Few implementations
 - Application specific
- PROV-man
 - Open/generic framework



PROV-man: The Approach

- *PROV-man* design requirements:
 - permanent storage of provenance data and approaches for optimization,
 - Easy access to provenance data
 - Support utilities for data sharing
 - Easy deployment of the framework in various use cases
- *PROV-man* framework consist of:
 - Database implementing PROV-DM
 - Application Programming Interface (API)

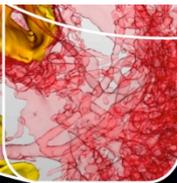
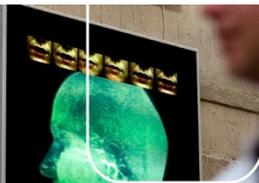
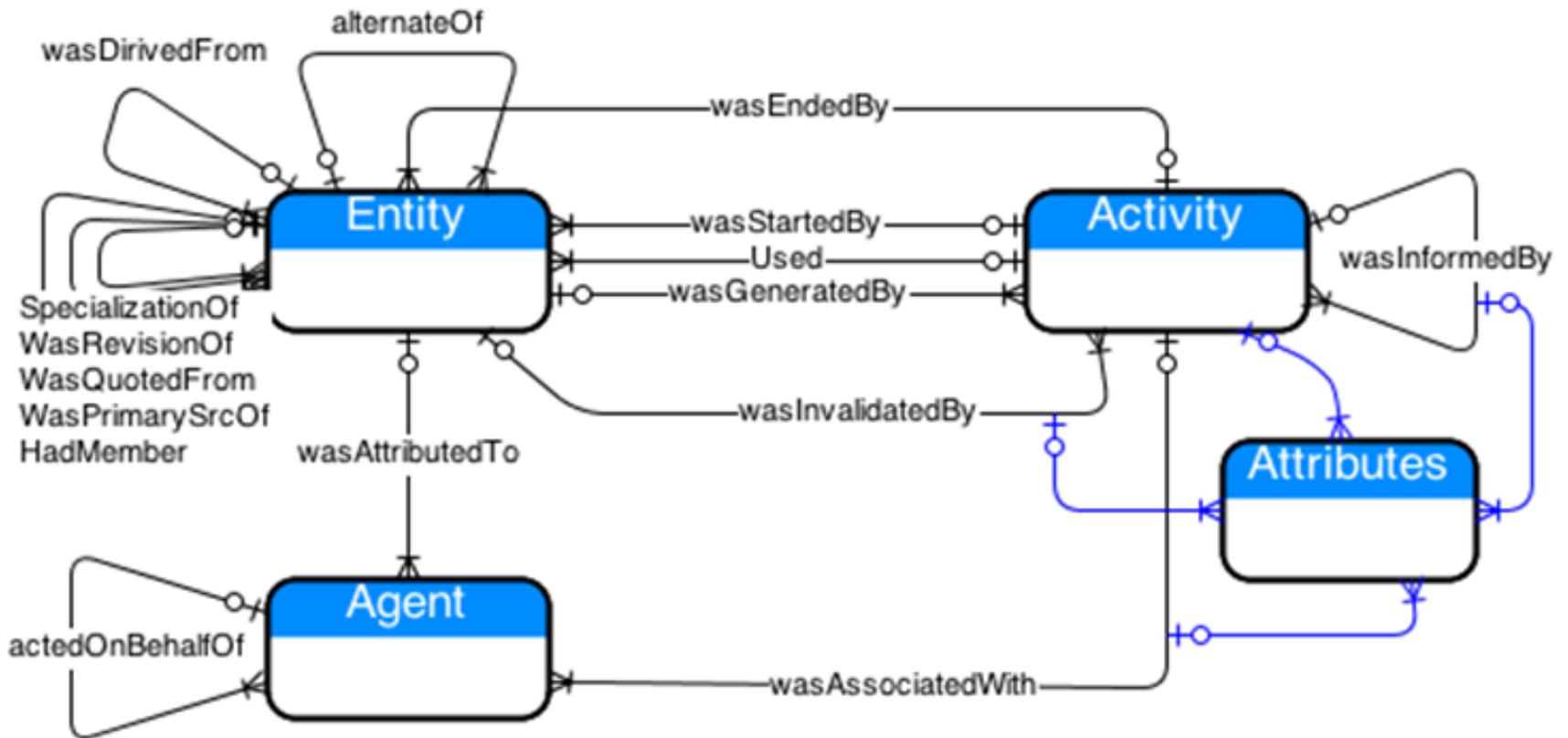


PROV-DM: The Data Model

- *PROV* Data Model consists of:
 - Core data types (*Entity*, *Activity*, and *Agent*);
 - A set of *Relations* between the core data types;
 - A set of *Attributes* that could be defined for each of the core data types and Relations,
 - A *Document* grouping all the above.

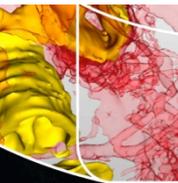
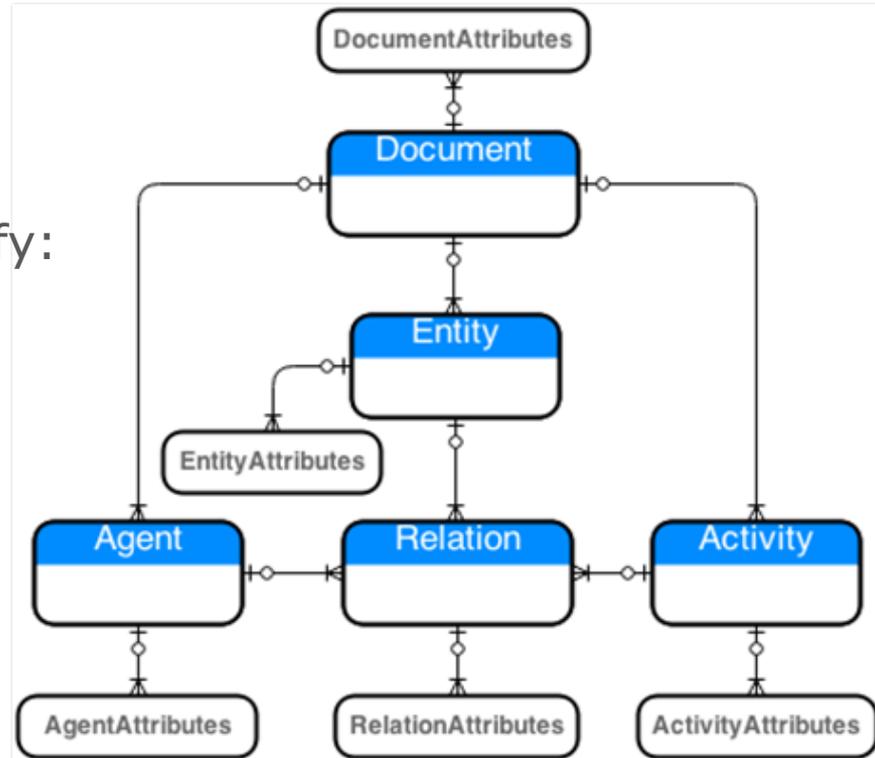


PROV-DM: The Data Model



PROV-man: The Data Model

- *PROV-man* data model of:
 - Optimized data model
 - Relational DBMS (MySQL)
 - XML-configuration file to specify:
 - the underlying database,
 - connection parameters, and
 - tuning parameters



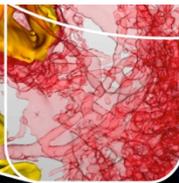
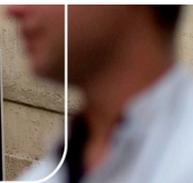
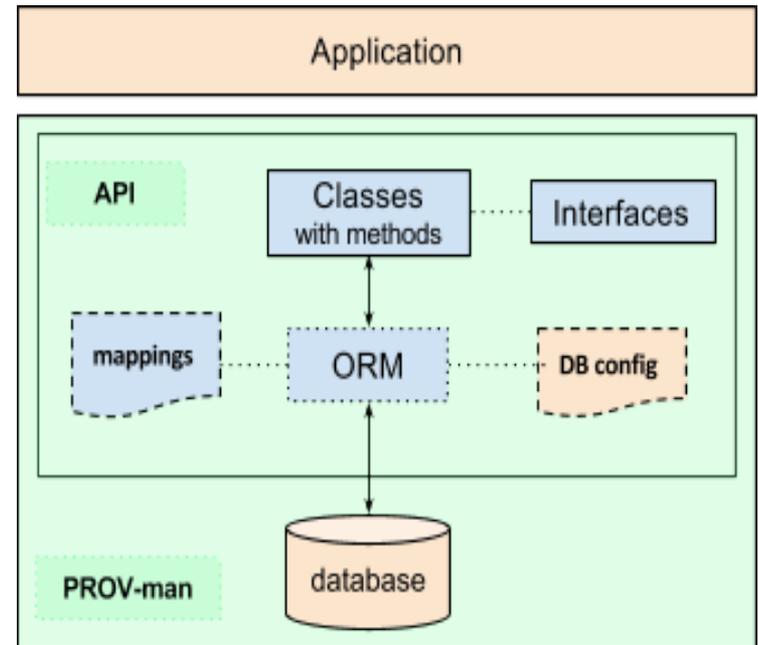
PROV-man: The API

PROV-man API provides an interface for the management of provenance data that preserves the semantics and richness defined by PROV and makes the PROV-man data model transparent to the user.



PROV-man: The API

- *PROV-man* open architecture provides:
 - *classes with methods* to manipulate provenance data;
 - *interfaces* implementing utility functions;
 - *back-end database* that serves as a main repository for storing provenance data;
 - *Object-relational mapping*.



PROV-man: The API

- *PROV-man* Classes:
 - Implements the *SET* and *GET* methods for PROV concepts;
 - *PROVmanFactory* provides a set of additional methods to create provenance data, using a human readable notation;



PROV-man: The API

- *PROV-man* Classes:
 - Implements the *SET* and *GET* methods for PROV concepts;
 - *PROVmanFactory* provides a set of additional methods to create provenance data, using a human readable notation;
- *PROV-man* Interfaces:
 - implements utility functions for data sharing and interoperation:
 - ***toDB***(document)
 - ***toXML***(document)
 - ***toProvN***(document),
 - ***toOWL2***(document),
 - ***toGraphviz***(document),
 - ***toGraph***(document, format).



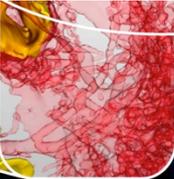
Example 1: on-line newspaper article

- presented in PROV-PRIMER:
 - publishes an article with a **chart** about crime statistics
 - based on data, with values **composed** by geographical regions.
 - The data uses different namespace prefixes to identify the its source (e.g. **exb**, **exn**, **exc**, and **exg**)



PROV-man: Example (1/3)

```
public static Document createSample() {
    ProvmanFactory provFactory = new ProvmanFactory();
    Collection<Entity> entities = new ArrayList<Entity>();
    Collection<Agent> agents = new ArrayList<Agent>();
    Collection<Activity> activities = new ArrayList<Activity>();
    Collection<Relation> relations = new ArrayList<Relation>();
    Document document = new Document();
    // Entities
    Entity e2 = new Entity();    e2.setId("exg:dataSet1");
    Entity e3 = new Entity();    e3.setId("exc:regionList1");
    Entity e4 = new Entity();    e4.setId("exc:composition1");
    Entity e5 = new Entity();    e5.setId("exc:chart1");
    entities.add(e2); entities.add(e3);
    entities.add(e4); entities.add(e5);
    // Activities
    Activity act1 = new Activity(); act1.setId("exc:compose1");
    ActivityAttributes act1Attr = new ActivityAttributes();
    act1Attr.setKey("Status"); act1Attr.setValue("Done");
    act1.getAttributes().add(act1Attr);
    activities.add(act1);
    Activity act2 = new Activity(); act2.setId("exc:illustrate1");
    ActivityAttributes act2Attr = new ActivityAttributes();
    act2Attr.setKey("Status"); act2Attr.setValue("Ongoing");
    act2.getAttributes().add(act2Attr);
    activities.add(act2);
    // Agents
    Agent agent1 = new Agent(); agent1.setId("exc:derek");
    provFactory.addAgentAttributes(agent1, "prov:type", "Person");
    provFactory.addAgentAttributes(agent1, "foaf:givenName", "Derek");
    provFactory.addAgentAttributes(agent1, "foaf:mbox", "derek@example.org");
    agents.add(agent1);
}
```



PROV-man: Example (2/3)

```
Agent agent2 = new Agent(); agent2.setId("exc:chartgen");
provFactory.addAgentAttributes(agent2, "prov:type", "Organization");
AgentAttributes agAttr = new AgentAttributes();
agAttr.setKey("foaf:Name"); agAttr.setValue("Chart Gen. Inc");
agent2.getAttributes().add(agAttr);
agents.add(agent2);
// relationships
WasAssociatedWith waw1 = new WasAssociatedWith();
waw1.setId("waw1"); waw1.setActivity(act2); waw1.setAgent(agent1); waw1.setPlan(e2);
relations.add(waw1);
ActedOnBehalfOf abo1 = provFactory.newActedOnBehalfOf("abo1", agent1, agent2);
relations.add(abo1);
WasAttributedTo wat1 = provFactory.newWasAttributedTo("wat1", e5, agent1);
relations.add(wat1);
Used used1 = provFactory.newUsed("used1", act1, e2, "prov:role", "exc:dataToCompose");
relations.add(used1);
Used used2 = provFactory.newUsed("used2", act1, e3, "prov:role", "exc:regionsToAggregateBy");
relations.add(used2);
WasGeneratedBy wgb1 = provFactory.newWasGeneratedBy("wgb1", e4, act1, "prov:role", "exc:composedData");
relations.add(wgb1);
Used used3 = provFactory.newUsed("used3", act2, e4);
relations.add(used3);
WasGeneratedBy wgb2 = provFactory.newWasGeneratedBy("wgb2", e5, act2);
relations.add(wgb2);
WasDerivedFrom wdf1 = provFactory.newWasDerivedFrom("wdf2", e5, e4, "prov:type", "prov:Revision");
relations.add(wdf1);

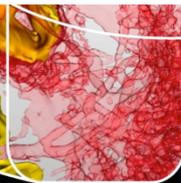
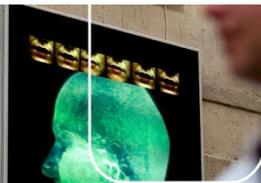
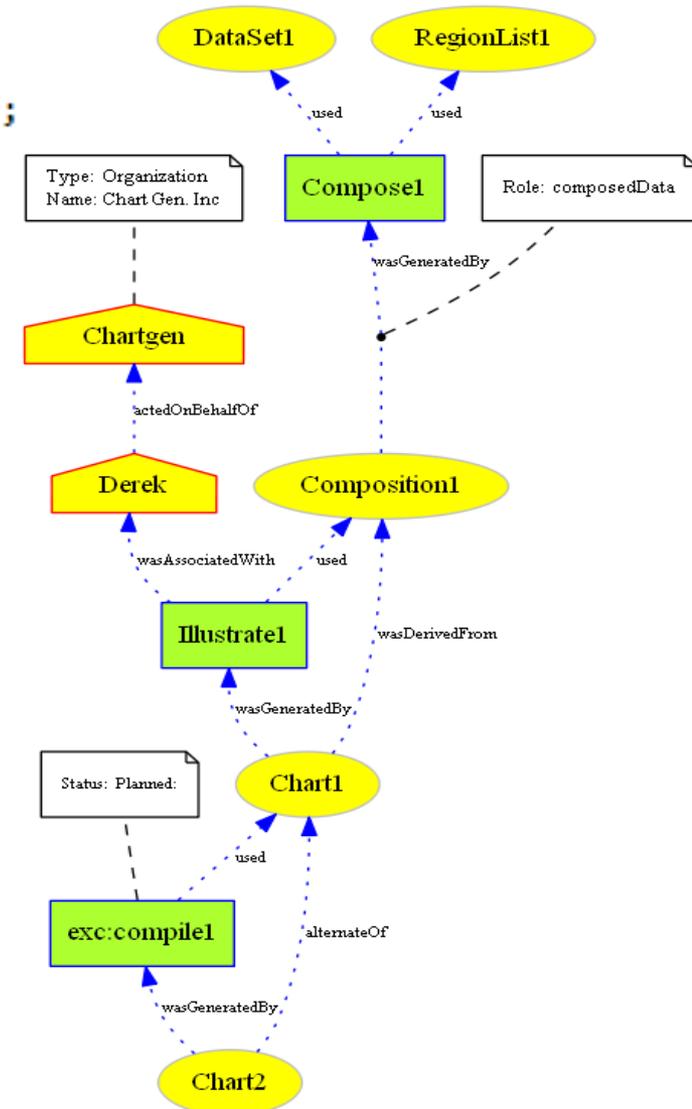
document = provFactory.newProvGraph("provenance of an online newspaper article",
    activities, entities, agents, relations);

return document;
}
```



PROV-man: Example (3/3)

```
public static void main(String args[]) {  
    ProvmanPersistence PROVman = ProvmanPersistence.instance();  
    PROVman.init();  
    Document doc = PROVman.createSample();  
    PROVman.toDB(doc);  
    PROVman.toGraph(doc, "png");  
}
```



Using PROV-man

- To use the PROV-man framework, please take the following steps:
 - Download PROV-man
 - Create DB
 - Deploy and test the API library
 - Define mapping Application -> PROV concepts
 - Integrate into Application



PROV-man: Download

- Download the PROV-man API from sourceforge:
 - <http://sourceforge.net/projects/provman/?source=directory>
- Releases
- Support
- Documentation
 - <http://www.bioinformaticslaboratory.nl/twiki/bin/view/EBioScience/PROVMan>



PROV-man: Create DB

- Create the PROV-man database using the PROV-man DDL script:
 - src/resources/PROV-man.ddl
- Update the database configuration file
 - src/resources/hibernate.cfg.xml

```
!DOCTYPE hibernate-configuration PUBLIC "-//Hibernate/Hibernate Configuration DTD 3.0//EN" "http://hibernate.sourceforge.net/hibernate-configuration-3.0.dtd" [
<hibernate-configuration>
  <session-factory>
    <!-- Database connection settings -->
    <property name="hibernate.connection.driver_class">com.mysql.jdbc.Driver</property>
    <property name="hibernate.connection.url">jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/provman</property>
    <property name="hibernate.connection.username">compNSG</property>
    <property name="hibernate.connection.password">NSG!comp#</property>
    <!-- JDBC connection pool (use the built-in) -->
    <property name="hibernate.c3p0.min_size">5</property>
    <property name="hibernate.c3p0.max_size">20</property>
    <property name="hibernate.c3p0.timeout">1800</property>
    <property name="hibernate.c3p0.max_statements">50</property>
    <!--<property name="connection.pool_size">1</property-->
    <!-- SQL dialect -->
    <property name="dialect">org.hibernate.dialect.MySQLInnoDBDialect</property>
    <!-- Enable Hibernate's automatic session context management -->
    <property name="current_session_context_class">thread</property>
    <!-- Disable the second-level cache -->
    <property name="cache.provider_class">org.hibernate.cache.NoCacheProvider</property>
    <property name="hibernate.cache.use_second_level_cache">false</property>
    <!-- Echo all executed SQL to stdout -->
    <!--<property name="show_sql">true</property-->
    <!-- Drop and re-create the database schema on startup -->
    <!--<property name="hbm2ddl.auto">update</property-->
    <property name="hbm2ddl.import">removefk.sql</property-->
    <mapping resource="provman.hbm.xml"/>
  </session-factory>
</hibernate-configuration>
```

```
<property name="hibernate.connection.url">jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/provman</property>
<property name="hibernate.connection.username">UserName</property>
<property name="hibernate.connection.password">Password</property>
```



PROV-man: Deploy and Test

- Create a simple Java program that executes

```
public static void main(String args[]) {  
    ProvmanPersistence PROVman = ProvmanPersistence.instance();  
    PROVman.init();  
    Document doc = PROVman.createSample();  
    PROVman.toDB(doc);  
    PROVman.toGraph(doc, "png");  
}
```



PROV-man: Define mapping

- Define the mapping between application and PROV concepts
- Decide on what data to collect and to which depth

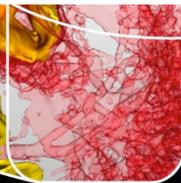
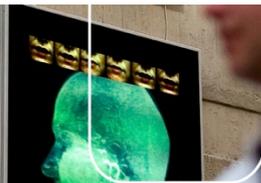
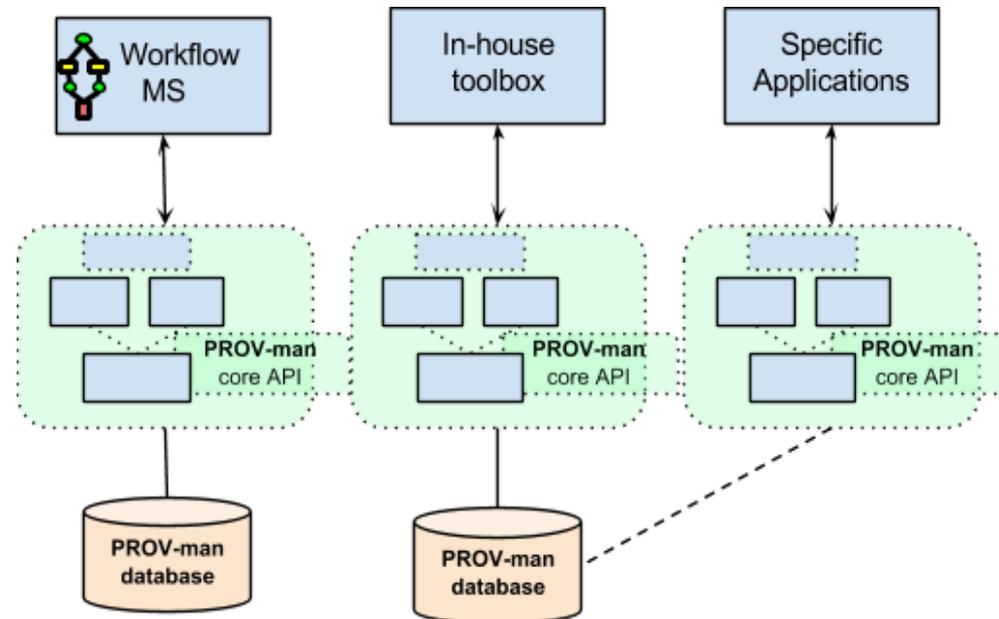
<i>PROV concept</i>	<i>workflow counterpart</i>
Document	Workflow execution (experiment)
Entity	- Input data - output result
Agent	- Users of the platform - Organization - Data analysis tool
Activity	jobs executed
Relation	Input/output relationship
Attributes (all) - Document - Entity - Agent - Activity - Relation	Metadata for all above - Experiment attributes - Input/output data attributes - Agent attributes - Jobs attributes - Relationships attributes



PROV-man: Integration

- Alternatives:

- **Integrate** into the implementation of the Java application.
- **Data collector** as an external software module using logs, database, etc.
- **Extract** the provenance data directly from the application's database
- Combine the above



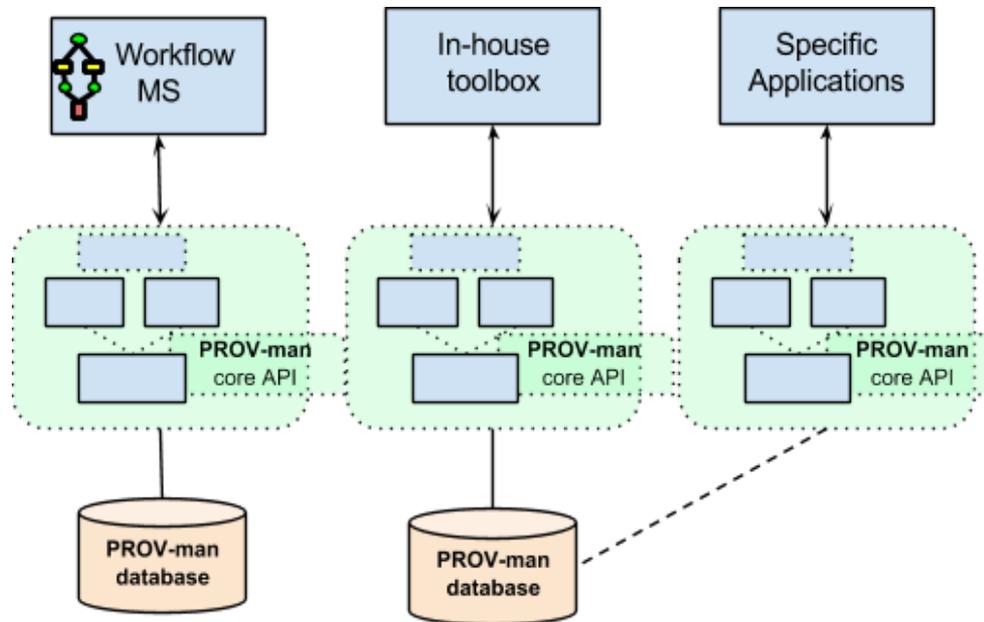
Example:

Provenance for the Neuroscience Gateway

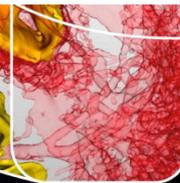
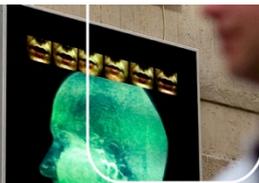
- Major part of the data retrieved for the Neuroscience database (catalogue):
 - information about executed workflows, their jobs, status, input data and output results.
 - Detailed information about each executed job parsed from the log files on the grid:
 - start time, end time, computing node, operating system on the computing node, etc.)
- ↳
- Collector automatically triggered



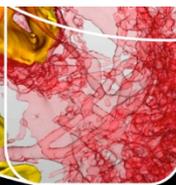
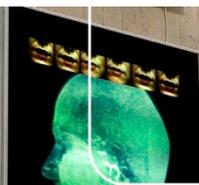
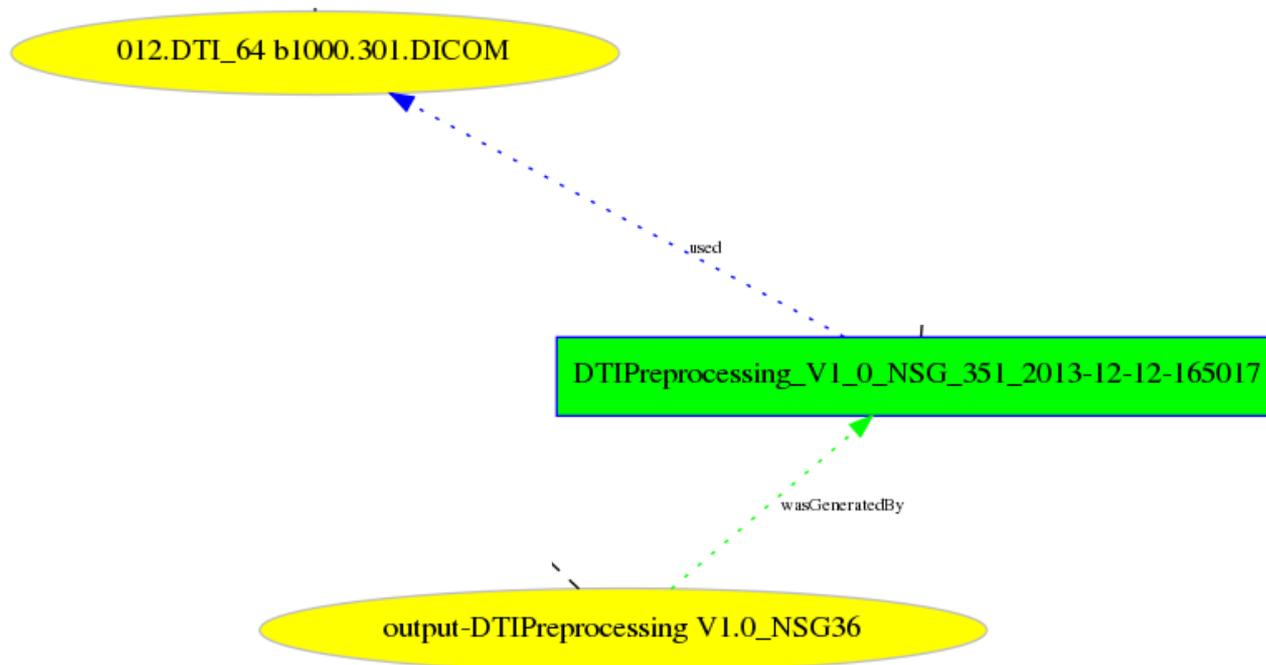
Implementation



<i>PROV concept</i>	<i>workflow counterpart</i>
Document	Workflow execution (experiment)
Entity	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Input data - output result
Agent	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Users of the platform - Organization - Data analysis tool
Activity	jobs executed
Relation	Input/output relationship
Attributes (all) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Document - Entity - Agent - Activity - Relation 	Metadata for all above <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Experiment attributes - Input/output data attributes - Agent attributes - Jobs attributes - Relationships attributes



Provenance of DTI Preprocessing workflow execution



FreesurferRobot_2013-06-24-150944

```

abstract workflow: 818
appman: true
storageurl: http://10.0.2.15:8080/storage
status: RUNNING
text: 2013-6-24 15:9
wfurl: http://10.0.2.15:8080/wfurl
storage: http://10.0.2.15:8080/storage
wftype: null
wrid: *
wridid: 43335788158810zentest
  
```

FS62 nii automatic FS62 1362 FS 5.les runfreesurfer2.sh.tar.gz

Image.nii FirstFile SubjectID outputDir license runfreesurfer2.sh.tar.gz

runfreesurfer0.pgrade.sh

runfreesurfer0.pgrade.sh

```

abstract job: 2951
robotjobbundle: 11401#FreesurferRobot#FreeInput#608b07ff-badf-47d5-3078-62d9bf0ad11c
gridtype: glite
binary: runfreesurfer0.pgrade.sh
module: true
jobstype: binary
grid: vlmemd
params: -p1 SubjectID -p2 outputDir -p3 FirstFile Image.nii output.tar
type: Sequence
wrid: 43335788158810zentest
resource: kcomp.nikhef.nl:8443/cream-pbs-short
status: FINISHED
  
```

output tar

output tar

runfreesurfer2.sh.tar.gz

runfreesurfer1.pgrade.sh

```

abstract job: 2951
robotjobbundle: 11401#FreesurferRobot#1-15#5e8abac5-2592-420c-8553-25e8f41929e9
module: true
gridtype: glite
jobstype: binary
grid: vlmemd
params: -p1 SubjectID -p2 outputDir input.tar output.tar
type: Sequence
wrid: 43335788158810zentest
resource: gb-cs-kg.keygene.com:8443/cream-pbs-medium
status: RUNNING
  
```

output tar runfreesurfer2.sh.tar.gz

runfreesurfer1.pgrade.sh

output tar

output tar

runfreesurfer2.sh.tar.gz

runfreesurfer2.pgrade.sh

```

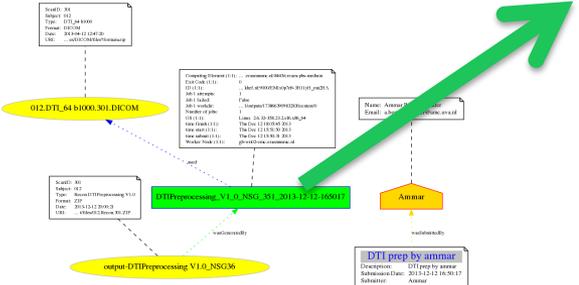
abstract job: 2951
robotjobbundle: 11401#FreesurferRobot#16-32#3b4b1563-87b3-49fb-8fe4-e515cbc3982
gridtype: glite
module: true
binary: runfreesurfer2.pgrade.sh
jobstype: binary
grid: vlmemd
params: -p1 SubjectID -p2 outputDir input.tar output.tar
type: Sequence
wrid: 43335788158810zentest
resource: guse-wfurl
status: INIT
  
```

output tar runfreesurfer2.sh.tar.gz

runfreesurfer2.pgrade.sh

output tar

output tar



PROV-man: your gain?

- *Developers:*
 - Reduce development time;
 - Enhance and facilitate the utilization of the standardization
 - Customize format according to user preferences and requirements

- *Users (scientists):*
 - Provenance data for their experiments (out of the box)
 - Validated, repeated, shared, trusted, proven experiments
 - Interoperability



Thanks!



COMMIT/

Links

- **PROV-man:** <http://www.bioinformaticslaboratory.nl/twiki/bin/view/EBioScience/PROVMan>
- **PROV-Primer:** <http://www.w3.org/TR/2013/NOTE-prov-primer-20130430/>
- **PROV-DM:** <http://www.w3.org/TR/2013/REC-prov-dm-20130430/>
- **PROV-O:** <http://www.w3.org/TR/2013/REC-prov-o-20130430/>
- **PROV-N:** <http://www.w3.org/TR/2013/NOTE-prov-sem-20130430/>
- **Resource Description Framework (RDF):** <http://www.w3.org/TR/rdf-mt/>
- **Graphviz - Graph Visualization Software:** www.graphviz.org



Discussion / Questions

